Student's Name:
Willits Unified School District
Modified Independent Study Assignment Sheet and Word Record
Grade:
Phone:
Due Date:
Teacher's Name: School: Brookside Elementary School
Start Date: Course Title

Objectives: The student will continue achievement in each academic class. The student will make progress in accordance with the California State Standards and the Willits Unified School District adopted textbooks and objectives for each class. Study Materials and Resources: Study materials include Willits Unified School District board approved textbooks. Students may also use technology and all other resources available to Willits Unified School District students. Student Progress: Student progress will be reported by letter grades and/or credit/no credit. Student work will be given to Mrs. Goizalez at Brookside Elementary in Room 2 at 8:10 on
in order to receive credit. Student work will be evaluated by: written work, district assessments, as well as, discussion and observation by teachers and parent.

## 15 English Language Arts - Benchmark and Unlocking the Reading Code - Complete

 the attached phonics, grammar, and high frequency work.2.5 Reading - Read for 30 minutes per day and record on the reading log. Raz Kids is a great tool for reading at home!

15 Writing/Art - Complete the handwriting pages, as well as, write one-two sentences per day with a relevant picture.
_15 Math - Everyday Math - Complete the attached math work.

## 2.5/P.E. -- Be active for 30 minutes per day and record on the activity log.

Attendance Credit For supervising teacher use; Did the student complete the above assignments? Yes If not, initial by the assignments that were completed.
NO

Teacher Signature
Date
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ANOS
WILWINKWWW

## BuildReflectWrite

## Build Knowledge

Write what you learned about the summer dig from reading Terri's journal.

## "A Dinosaur <br> A Dinosaur Named

## SUE"

## What happened on August 12, 1990?

 How are the August 14 and 23 journal entries alike and different?wwwtime=*

# What conclusions can you draw from the August | Why does the author write the last journal 

18, 1990 journal entry? entry ten years later?
pos.co.id
more
internationwide women were

## Reflect How does

 understanding the past shape the future? Based on this week'stexts, write new ideas
and questions you have about the essential question.
Opinion Do you think it is
important to use primary
sources to learn about the
past? In a short essay, state your opinion and provide reasons to support it. Use evidence from two of the reading selections to support your opinion.

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## IPPU

## Extended Readz

--- =-- A Dinosaur Named SUE A Journal About My Summer Dig
Remember to annotate as you read.
OBV
by Terri Patterson

August 11, 19901 Tomorrow is the last day of the dig.
I can't believe l've been in South
Dakota for ten weeks. It's been a long, hot, but great summer. We dug up many dinosaur bones. Some are more than 60 million years old! I'll have a lot to tell everyone back at school.

## Badlands National Park in South Dakota

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Journal

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August 12, 19902 What a day! Our truck had a low
tire. Pete Larson and I went into town to get it fixed. Sue Hendrickson stayed behind. She wanted to look for bones in one more place before we go home.

3

Sue was so excited when she came back to camp. She found some huge bones sticking out of a cliff. They were too big to be anything but a dinosaur. Sue knew they were from a meat eater. In this part of the world, it could only be a T. rex!

Sue brought back two pieces of bone to show Pete. He agreed that they were T. rex bones. We left right away to see where they came from.
15 when we got there, we couldn't
believe our eyes! The ground below the Cliff was covered with pieces of bone. More than ten
bones stuck out of the
cliff. Pete thought that a whole skeleton might be buried there. He named the
dinosaur SUE after the person who found it.

6
We only have one problem right now. The bones are under almost thirty feet of dirt and rock. It's going to take a lot Of hard work to remove it.

Pete, Sue, and I have a big job ahead of us. I
guess we are
not going
home yet!

August 14, 19908 Early this morning, we got started
digging up the T. rex. We couldn't use a big machine to move the rock and dirt. A machine might break or crush the fossils, so we did all the work by hand. Metal bars helped us pull away large rocks. We used picks to break up smaller rocks and shovels to move dirt. The sun beat down on us all day, but we hardly noticed. We just kept thinking about the T. rex. We wondered how much of its skeleton we would find. We hoped it would be in good

## shape.

A sue used tools to carefully remove rocks and dirt from the fossils.

August 18, 19909 Our hard work over the past few days finally paid off. Today we got down to the fossils. Then we had to be even more careful. We used small hand tools to remove the dirt and rock around the bones.

August 21, 199010 while we worked, Pete told us about
other T. rex fossils that people have found. Sorne "finds" were just a few bones. No known T. rex's have even half their bones. But it looks as though Sue found almost a whole skeleton! This is an important discovery. It will help scientists learn so much about T. rex. The skeleton will also make an
amazing museum display.
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A Digging out bones is
a hard and dirty job.

30
Journal
August 23, 199011 Pete dug out the skull today. It's
almost five feet long! He thinks that
this T. rex was a giant. Its bones are bigger than any T. rex he has
seen. These bones are in great shape, too. Most fossil bones are chipped, broken, or crushed.

12
We took pictures as we worked. It's important to record the positions of the bones. That information will help scientists who study these fossils later.

13
We also found fossils of plants and other dinosaurs. These finds will help us learn more about life long ago.
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WAWW:49:
Ivericki
us
A Pete removed rocks and
dirt from SUE's skull.

August 29, 199014 As we dug up bones today, we left
some rock around them. The rock will protect the bones on their way to the lab. When they get there, we'll remove the rock. Weak bones get special care. They get a thin coat of glue and layers of tinfoil. Then we wrap them in a plaster cast.
Sometimes we add pieces of wood for
A A plaster cast helps extra strength.
protect this bone during
the trip to the lab. September 1, 199015 we left the dig today. It took
seventeen days to dig SUE out of the ground. All the bones are finally on their way to the lab. It will take a long time
to clean up the skeleton.

QUOD
16

My summer was longer and more amazing than I expected. I'm sad it is over, but l'll be happy to sleep in a real bed again.

May 17, 2000
17 This journal has been in a box for almost ten years, since my summer with the two sues. I pulled it out tonight to add one last entry. I saw both sues again today! The T. rex is now on display in Chicago. Pete, Sue, and I are happy that SUE has a place of honor.

Scientists can keep studying the bones. And people from around the world can visit the largest and most complete T. rex ever

## found.

19

A sUE is a big attraction in the field
Museum's Hall of Dinosaurs. SUE is 40.5 feet long.
Experts think this dino might have weighed 15,000 pounds. The bones alone weigh 3,922 pounds.
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33
Informational Social
Studies

A New Discovery 1 Centuries ago, a group of men worked hard
to carry a mummy case into a tomb. A pharaoh (FAIR-oh), or king of ancient Egypt, had just died His name was Senebkay. The workers had prepared a small tomb for him. They filled it with riches.

The winds whipped the sands across the desert. Over time, sandstorms covered his tomb. People forgot his name. It would take not hundreds, but thousands of years for people to learn about this
forgotten Egyptian pharaoh. 3 When Senebkay's tomb was finally found, there was a problem. Thieves had robbed the tomb of its many treasures. In addition, his mummy case was open. But there was good news. In his mummy case was an almost complete skeleton, or group of bones.

Scientists put the bones back together like a puzzle. Now they can learn about this king's life. They have so many questions. What was this ancient ruler like? What happened to the lands he ruled? What was life in Egypt like during his lifetime? The answers to these important

# questions will add to what we already know about Egypt from long ago. 

## THE SOUNDER

## VOWEL TEAM

lau \& aw
2. No e un els makes intenti vowel

1. There will always be + vowel letters. 2. The vowels make a new vowel sound 3. No consonant protection needed vowel. -

Dj
Readi
ng

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { consonant protection needed after the } \\
& \text { vowel. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Directions: Step 1: Begin at the end of the word and dot the vowel(s) in each of these words. Step 2: Fish hook the word. Step 3: Write the syllable. Step 4: Mark each syllable as a Sounder Vowel Team syllable with a sound wave.

## Saw

# ©2005 nej Unlocking the Reading Code 

Fish Hooking Directions: Step 1: Look for Stealers. Step 2: Begin at the end of the word and dot the vowel(s) in each of these words. Step 3: Fish hook the word. Step 4: Write the syllable. Step 5: Mark each syllable.
yawn
drawl

Paul
auto

## crawl

# laundry 

## Page 174

# ©2005Ej Unlocking the Reading Code Fish Hooking 

Directions: Step 1: Look for Stealers. Step 2: Begin at the end of the word and dot the vowel(s) in each of these words. Step 3: Fish hook the word. Step 4: Write the syllable. Step 5: Mark each syllable.

> jaw

## drawl

## haul

## straw

## Saucer

## Page 175

# ©2005 ny Unlocking the Reading Code Fish Hooking 

Directions: Step 1: Begin at the end of the word and dot the vowel(s) in each of these words. Step 2: Fish hook the word. Step 3: Write the syllable. Step 4: Mark each syllable.

## August

## Seesaw

jigsaw

## crawling

## dinosaur

Page 176

> ©2

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5
, Unlocking the Reading Code
Fish Hooking Directions: Step 1: Look for Stealers. Step 2: Begin at the end of the word and dot the vowels) in each of these words. Step 3: Fish hook the word. Step 4: Write the syllable. Step 5: Mark each syllable. Step 6: Rewrite the words in the appropriate column.

## wood

spoon
hoop
foot

Page 179
© 2
005

## Ey Unlocking the <br> Reading Code

Fish Hooking Directions: Step 1: Look for Stealers. Step 2: Begin at the end of the word and dot the vowel(s) in each of these words. Step 3: Fish hook the word. Step 4: Write the syllable. Step 5: Mark each syllable. Step 6: Rewrite the words in the appropriate column.
igloo
bamboo
hoodwink cartoon

Page 180
©2005
Unlocking the Reading Code
Interim Assessment 2 (continued) kassis
wou

Meet the Bowhead Right Whale 1 Whalers hunted a special kind of whale. They
were called right whales. Right whales have lots of oil in their bodies. They have hard plates in their mouths. The plates are called baleen. Oil and baleen were worth a lot of money.

2
A right whale can grow to 66
feet long. That is longer than a school bus. The whale has a black body. It has a white belly. Its head is large and long. The mouth is curved like a bow. So
whalers called them bowhead right whales.

3
These whales eat very small fish. They open their jaws. They take big gulps of seawater. The water has tiny shrimp and fish in it. The whale uses its baleen plates for eating. The plates are made of strips that can bend. The strips act like a filter. The water flows through. The whale eats the shrimp

## and fish. It spits the water out.

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## Interim Assessment 2 (continued)

## 4

## Bowhead whales live in

 icy cold water. They live in the northern oceans. A thick layer of blubber keeps them warm. This fat can be more than a foot thick.
## 5

Long ago, the seas
were full of whales. But whalers killed too many. Today, whale hunting is not allowed in many places. Someday, there may be

# large numbers of whales once again. 

## baleen

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MIL.

## The bowhead whale has strips of baleen in its jaws.

Graciy * Bermai Advance Intcun Assessments 2017 Bencyiwik Educouon company, LLC Interim Assessment 2 (continued)

# 14. What is the author's purpose in paragraph 2? 

A to tell how right whales eat $B$ to describe what the whale looks like $C$ to teach why people should not hunt whales
15. Which two statements about baleen are true?

A Baleen is on the outside of a whale's mouth, B Baleen is made of hard strips that bend. C Baleen keeps the whale from swallowing fish, D Baleen helps the whale swallow seawater, E Baleen was worth a lot of money long ago.

# 16. Read this sentence from the passage. 

The strips act like a filter. Which of these is a kind of filter? $A$ a tooth $B$ a wall $C$ a screen

17. Put the events in time order by writing a number
from 1 (first) to 3 (last) on the line next to the event. saison. The whale swallows the shrimp and fish.

The whale takes a big gulp of seawater.
> armen The water flows through the strips of baleen,
18. Think about the two passages, "Whale Hunting
in Colonial Days" and "Meet the Bowhead Right
Whale." Which idea is presented in both
passages?
A Whale hunters used harpoons. B
Whale oil was worth money. C
Bowhead whales live in the Arctic.

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Comparty LLC
Interim Assessment 2
(continued)

## Choose the best answer to each question.

## 19. Which word has the same beginning sounds

as<br>brave?<br>A base<br>B<br>blank c<br>brush

## 20. The ai in afraid is pronounced like the a in -

A pad. B pale. C pair

## 21. Which word has the same vowel sound as her?

A far B fur C fire
A oa in boat.
B o in bottle.
cou in bought
24. The word spot has the same vowel sound as -
A low B look.
Clock
25. Which word has the same vowel sound as hunt?
$A$ up B
use
Chuge

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Interim Assessment 2
(continued)
26. The $y$ in belly is pronounced like the -

A $y$ in try. Bee in tree ce in ten
27. The first syllable in candle has the same vowel
sound as

A lane. B large.
Clamp
28. which word has the same beginning sounds
as
strip?
A
stroke
B
shrimp
C

## stamp

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Company, uc
Interim Assessment 2
(continued)
29. Which word has the same beginning sound
as
whale?
A ball B
hill

C
when

## 30. Which word ends with the same sound as cage?

## A ledge B <br> length <br> C lend

Interim Assessment 2 (continued)

Read the sentences, Choose the correct word to complete each sentence.
31. We are a good movie.

A watch $B$ watched $C$ watching
32. Perry ate three

A peachs $B$ peaches $C$ peachies
33. Nell_ for shells on the beach.

A lookked B looking C looked

Grade 9 - Senchmark Advance intem Assessment *09017 Benchmark Education Company, LLC
Name:
Date:

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Date:
Date: -

Name:
Date:

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Date:
Date:

Name:

Temperature Changes
Lesson 510 date
A/s
We wees
Write? in the End box. Then write a number model and find the answer. Fill in the thermometer to show the End number.

Change
Change Start
Start 30 + 20

- 10 Number model:

Number model:
40

## Answer:

Start
_OF
End
Answer: -
Start
End
50
o

30-
F 1
30 of
30-

Change
4|End
Change

Start
| End
Start 44

- 10

70 - 20 Number model:
Number model:

Answer: $\qquad$
${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
Start
End
Answer: OF
Start End 50750-
707
ГtrT tettrtt
one hundred twenty-five 125

Temperature Changes continu
changes

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BUSINESS
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S
Decide whether the change in temperature is a change to more or a change to less.

- Fill in the diagram with numbers from the problem. Then write
a number model. Use ? for the number


## you want to find.

Solve.
Change
Start
End
60
Start

Number model:
of 7 of 1

Answer:
|
아

Change
End
Start 80-
80
Start
OL
Number model:
LL.
Hot Tree
6065
oF 31 of

Answer: __OF
Change Start
End
When Isolde woke up, the
temperature was $40^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. Now the temperature is $53^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. How much

## did the temperature change?

itis.
si ww
Number model:
Answer: OF
wat
m.det

126
one twenty-six

SER
Lesson 5-10
Math Boxes
DATE
Uw
us
woww
Howwwwwwwwwwww
${ }_{\text {Tu }}^{\text {men }}$
2 Write the time.
Use your centimeter ruler.
Measure the length of this

## line segment:

www.
Math Boxes
F 10

Fill in the bubble next to the correct answer. o About 7 centimeters

About 6 centimeters About 8 centimeters About 10 centimeters MRB)

2
MRB 106-107
104

You buy an apple for $45 €$.
You pay with a dollar. How much change will you get?
4 Write a number with 5 in the hundreds place, O in the ones place, and 3 in the tens place. D

6 Write the number word for 405.
5 You can make 45 $\phi$ with
1 © and
0 . You can

# make $60 \phi$ with 3 © and _ . 

MRB 110-111
one hundred twenty-seven
12
esson 5:11. L
Buying a Clock
DATE

D
Saluil
See
You buy a clock that costs $\$ 78$.
You pay with a $\$ 100$ bill. How
much is your change? You
may use a number grid to help.

Answer:

## Talk about your strategy with your partner.

## me o e Ic $\mathbf{w}$

128
one hundred twenty-eight

SER
Lessons date
Shopping Poster

## Telephone

\$36
Calculator
Camera
\$63
Basketball
\$25
\$17
Villilililii
WA

Iron

## Toaster

## \$39

Blank CDs
\$14

## Chair \$28

\$32
one hundred twenty-nine
129
Lesson 5-11 MARS

$$
+10=890570+_{-}=670
$$

$$
\underline{\ldots}=100+620
$$

Put a circle around the digit in the tens place. 210
4 Count back by 100s.
610, - , - , 310.

391
199

130
one hundred thirty

```
Lesson 5-12
g
Math Boxes Preview for Unit
6 \text { Provincia}
DATE
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Labem
IRES
"mon
aw
UW
TREBA:
HONOM
LE
DAIL:
LOA!
TASAIA...
Write each number in expanded form. 26
1.1 .1 ER
1.1.
0
RA
11.
WA
```

What number do the base-10
blocks show?
Use base-10 shorthand to show the number another way.

MRB
MRB
12
72
4 What day did Molly swim the most laps?
3 Last year a bamboo plant was
17 feet tall. It grew 10 feet this
year. How tall is it now? Number model:

Number of Laps
w
sANS
Answer:
feet

MRB
M
Tu w Th f Sa Su Days Molly Swam

116
27-28
116
Sakura has 13 stickers. Aneko has 9 stickers. How many more stickers does Sakura have than Aneko? Draw a picture to show what you did to

## solve this problem.

MRB
Answer:
stickers
Veli
30-31
one hundred thirty-one
131
.

11


DATE

Tony had 20 raisins. His sister gave him 15 more How many raisins does he have now?
2 Measure the length of
this leaf
in centimeters. Circle the best answer.

Change
,
Start
End

Number model

Answer:
raisins
MRB
A. About $6 \mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{B}$. cm C. About 8 cm D. About 10 cm A bag of nuts costs
$75 €$. You pay with $\$ 1$. How much change do you get?

# 3 Draw the hands to show 8:15. 

 --SE
-
AT
-
..
-
----
olxc
. Mat. dc

MRB 106-107

5 Solve. Use the open number line to show what you did.

Rita has 25 buttons. Her

# sister gave her 20 more. How many buttons does she have now? 

## buttons buio

com
$i^{\text {i }}$

IMRBI
anewreath

132
one hundred thirty-two

Willits Unified School District Modified Independent Study

## Reading Log

www

Willits Unified School District Modified Independent Study Activity Log **Please include the time of each activity.
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